

# SkyEye Project Update for TFRSAC

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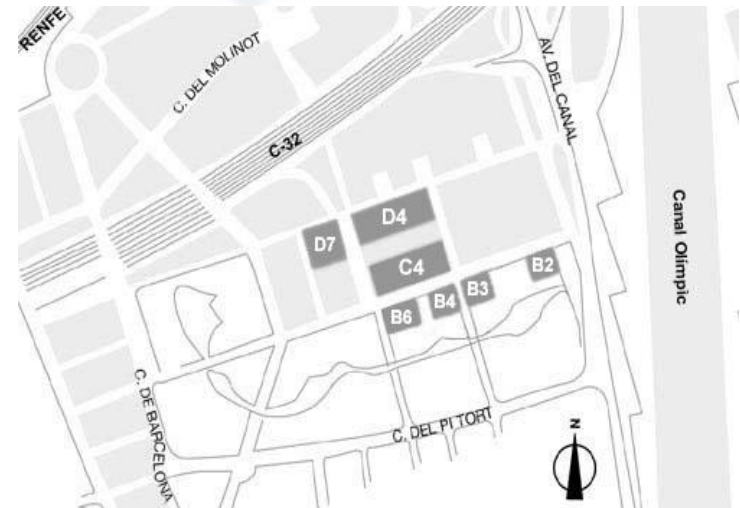
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# ICARUS Group Presentation

- Technical University of Catalonia
  - 15 schools, 40 departments, 30.000 students, 2.500 researchers
- Escola Politècnica Superior de Castelldefels
  - 4 degrees: telecomunicacions and aeronautics, 3.000 students, 15 research groups, inside the Parc Mediterrani de la Tecnologia



# ICARUS Group Presentation



- ICARUS: Intelligent Communications and Avionics for Robust Unmanned aerial Systems
  - 11 researchers (4 Ph.D.), multidisciplinary group
- Computer Science
  - Web services
  - Embedded systems
  - SIG
  - Formal methods
- Telecomunicacions
  - Wireless communications: WiFi, WiMax, RC, Satellite
  - Hardware design
- Aeronautics
  - Aeronavigation procedures
  - ATM

# Our UAS Strategy

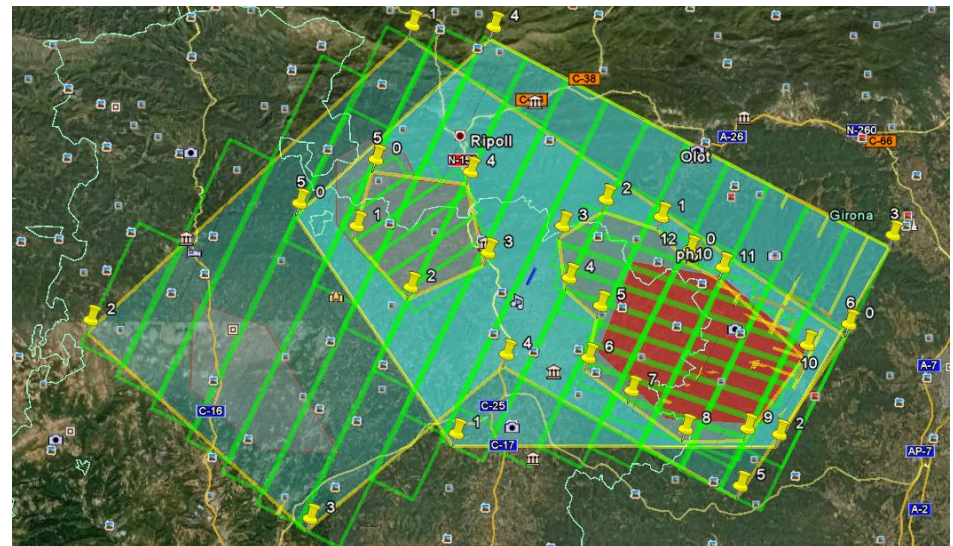
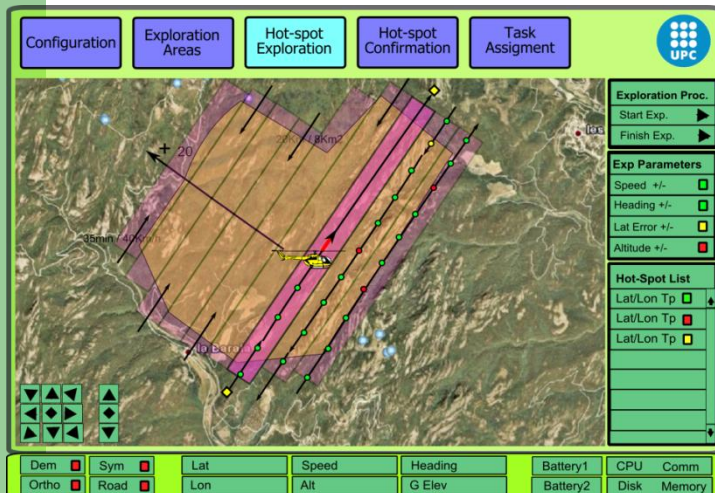
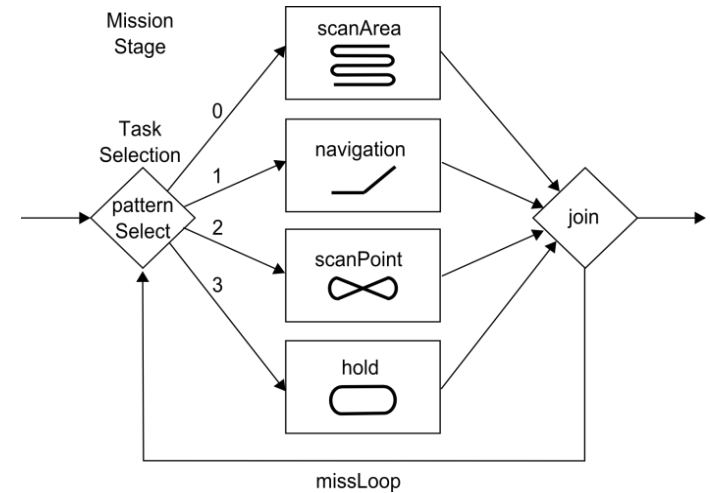
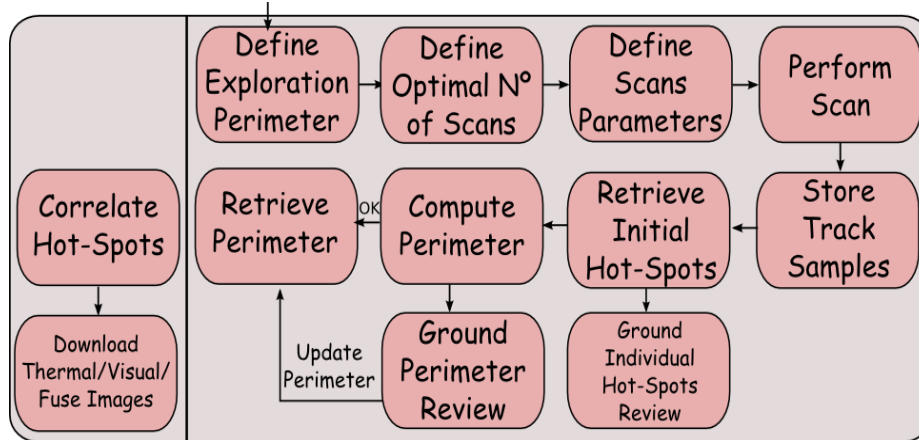
- Flexible UAS operation will be possible by:
  - Link flight-plan with payload: global mission concept
  - Having a flexible mission/payload control
  - Mission reconfiguration can be achieved in short time
- Methodology:
  - Exploit information technology concepts and methods
  - Pragmatic view: structure applications rather than using Artificial Intelligence

# Sky-Eye development platform

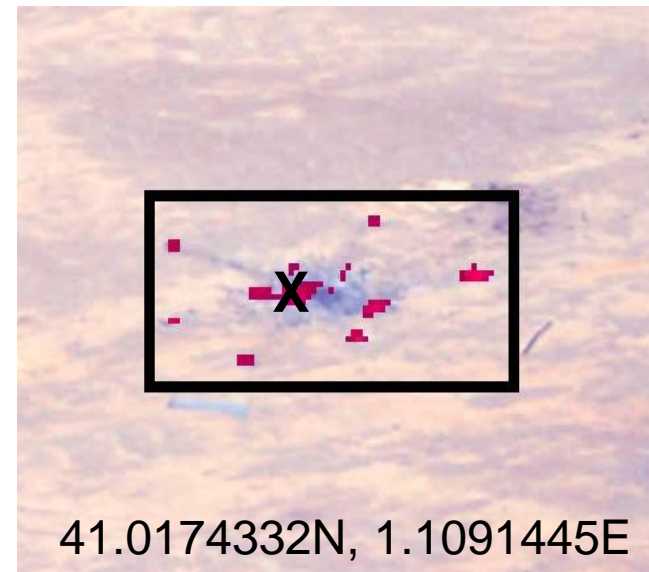
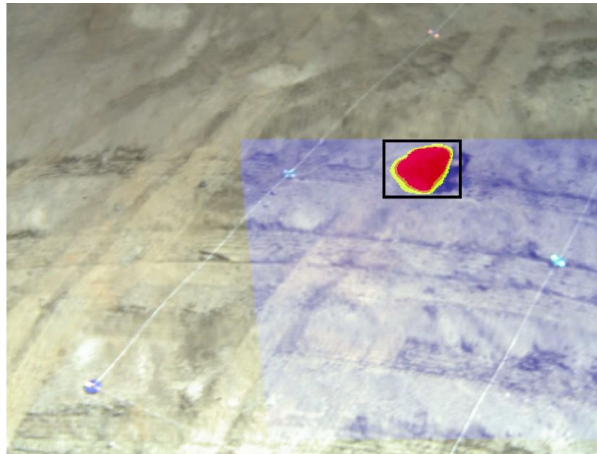
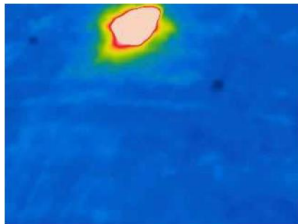




# Automation key for productivity



# Automation key for productivity



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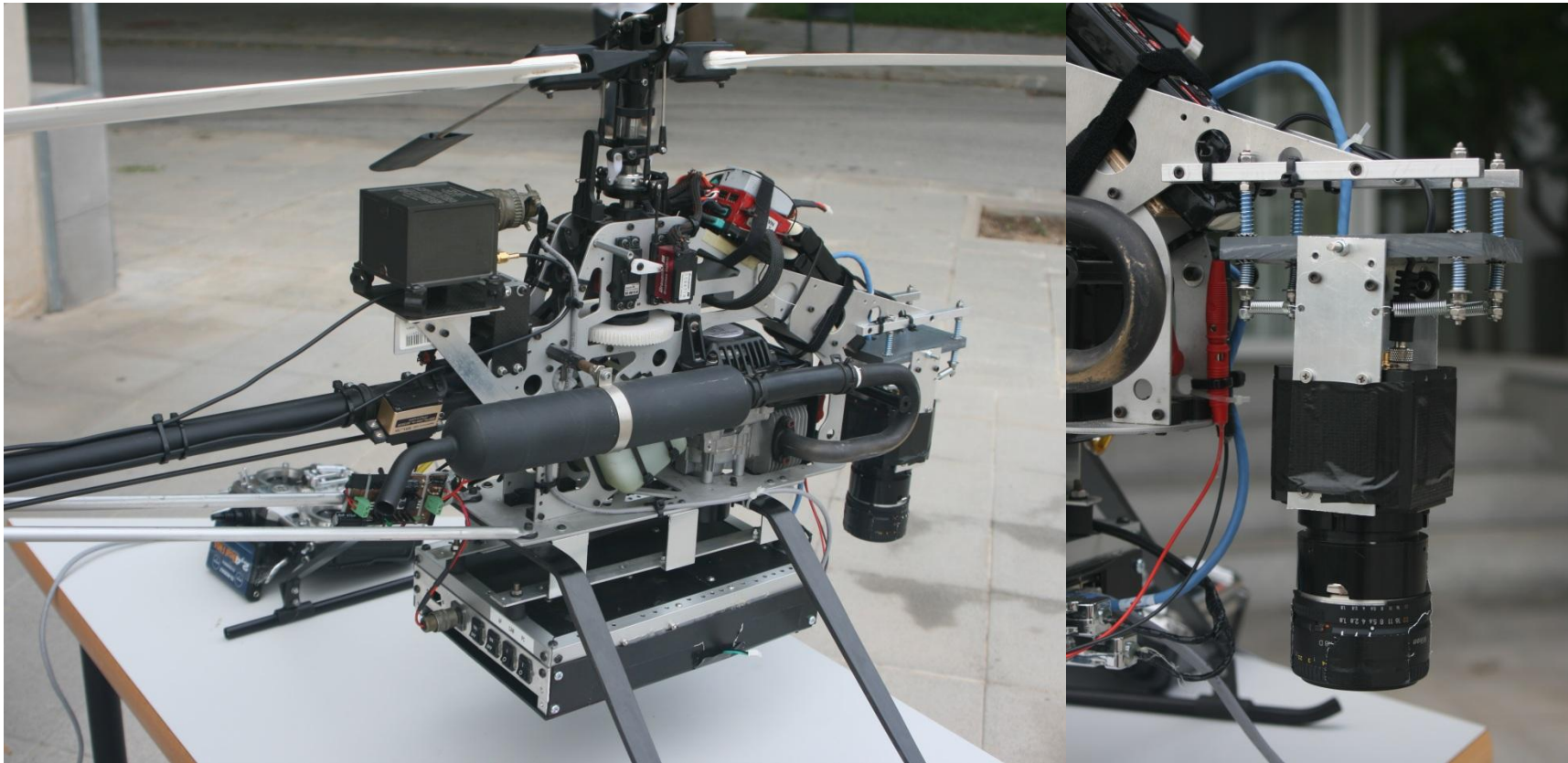
# Review of activity

- UAV Platform integration
- Automated support for operations
- IPM: on-board flexible computation
- Small failures



# UAV Platform integration

- Improved platform integration (weight & vibrations):



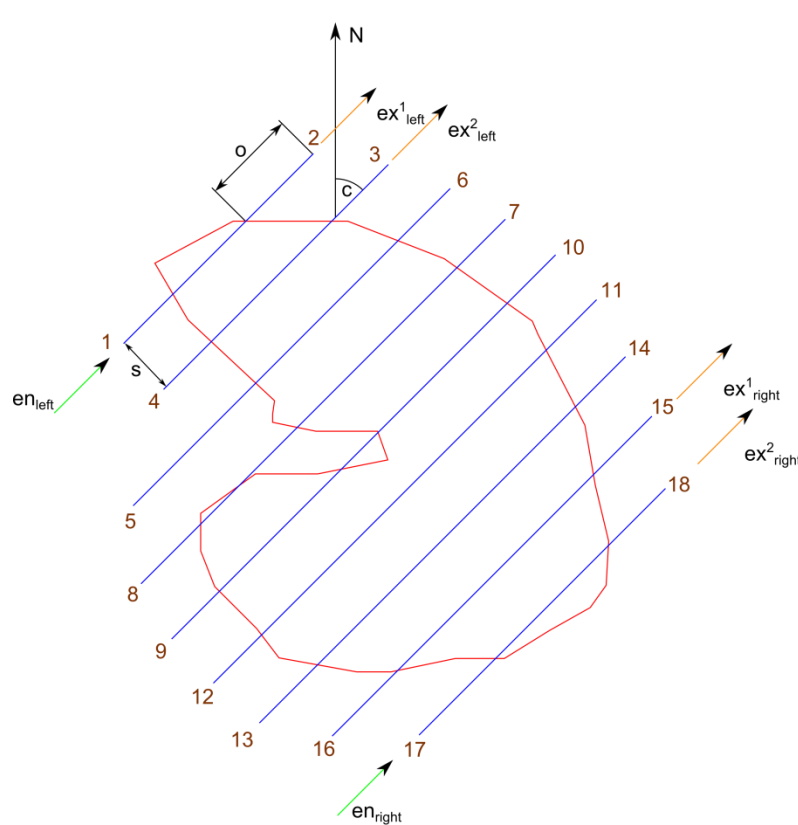
# UAV Platform integration

- Fully autonomous platform under integration:

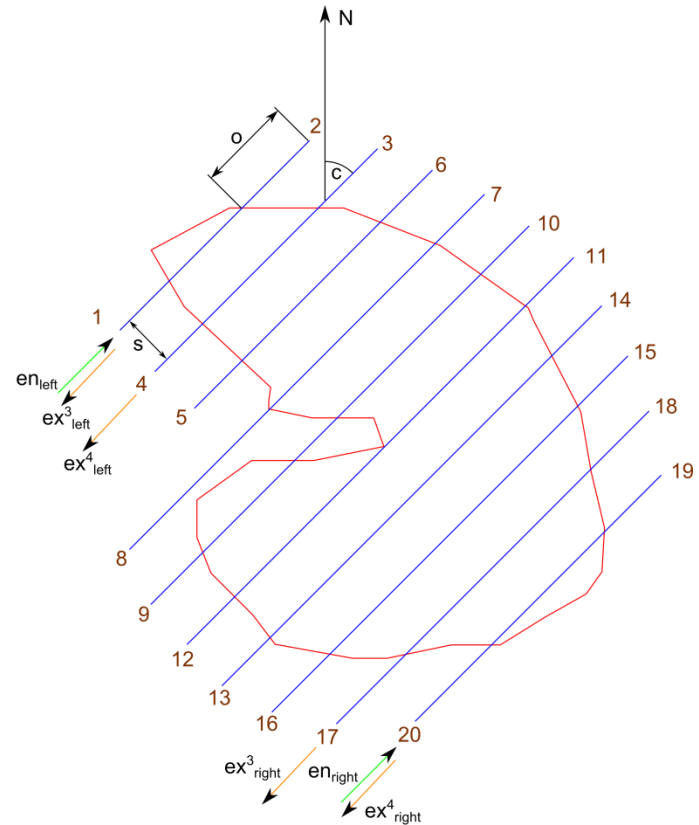


# Automated support for operations

- Automation of scanning / perimeter analysis:



a)



b)

# Automated support for operations



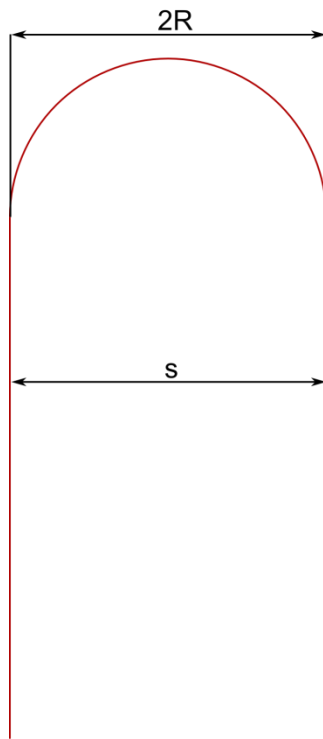
- Parameter-based flight plan definition.
- Dynamic update capabilities.

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  <speed>150</speed>
  <altitude>4500</altitude>
  <trackseparation>1000</trackseparation>
  <exitcourse>False</exitcourse>
  <entryside>Left</entryside>
  <exitside>Left</exitside>
  <offset>5</offset>
  <PItype>Standard</PItype>
  <PIcourse>45</PIcourse>
  <area>
    <point>41.9984726 1.9125963</point>
    <point>41.9002422 2.2004379</point>
    <point>41.8329421 2.5259285</point>
    <!-- More points may follow -->
  </area>
</leg>
```

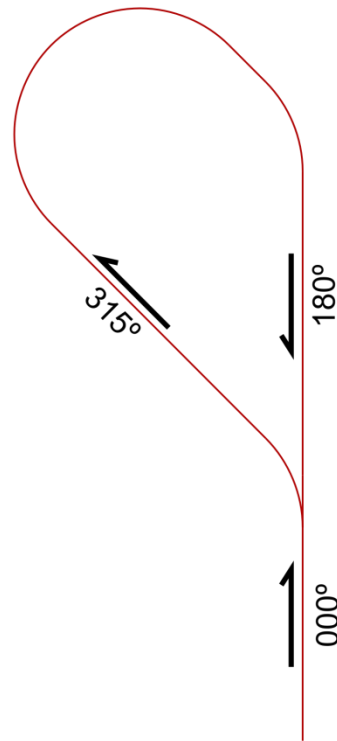


# Automated support for operations

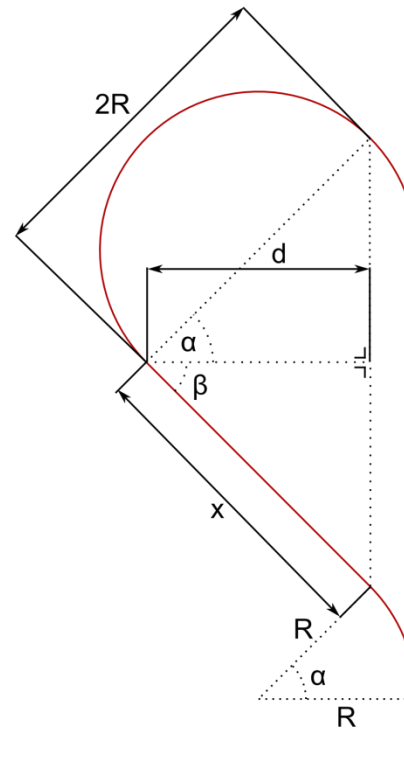
- Turn design.



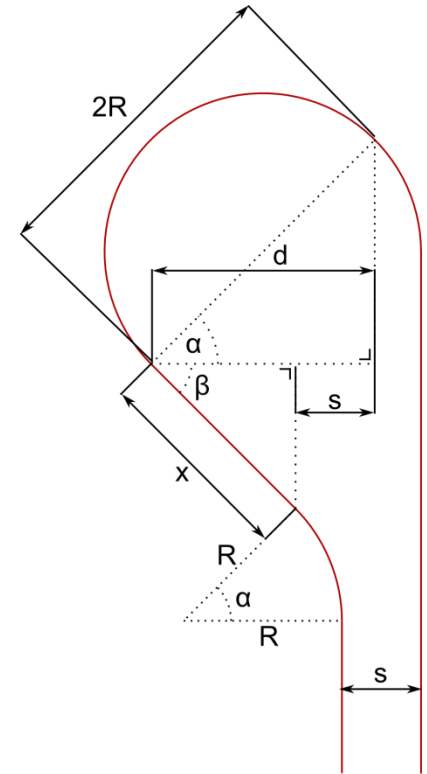
a)



b)



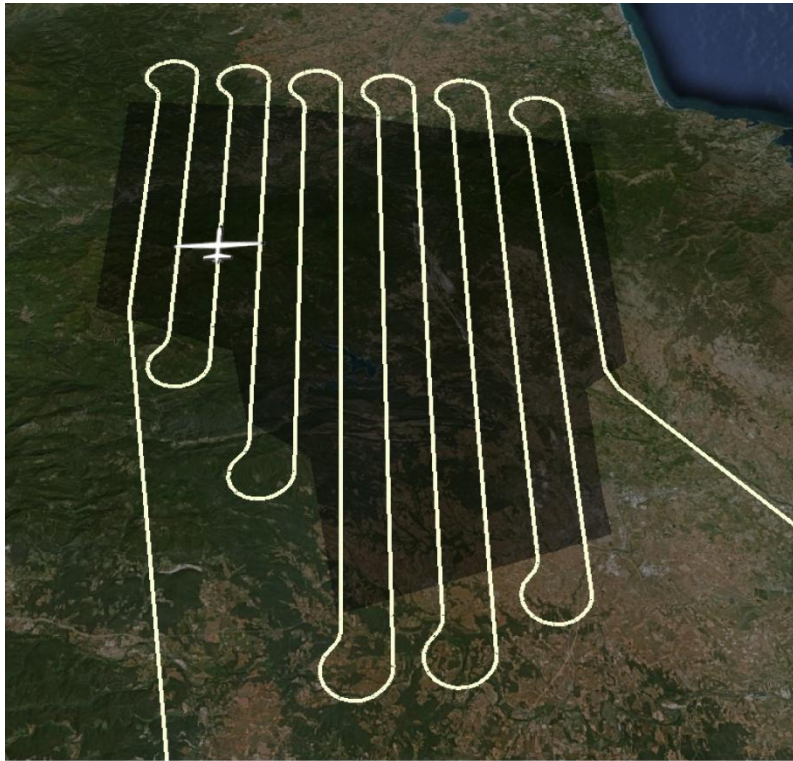
c)



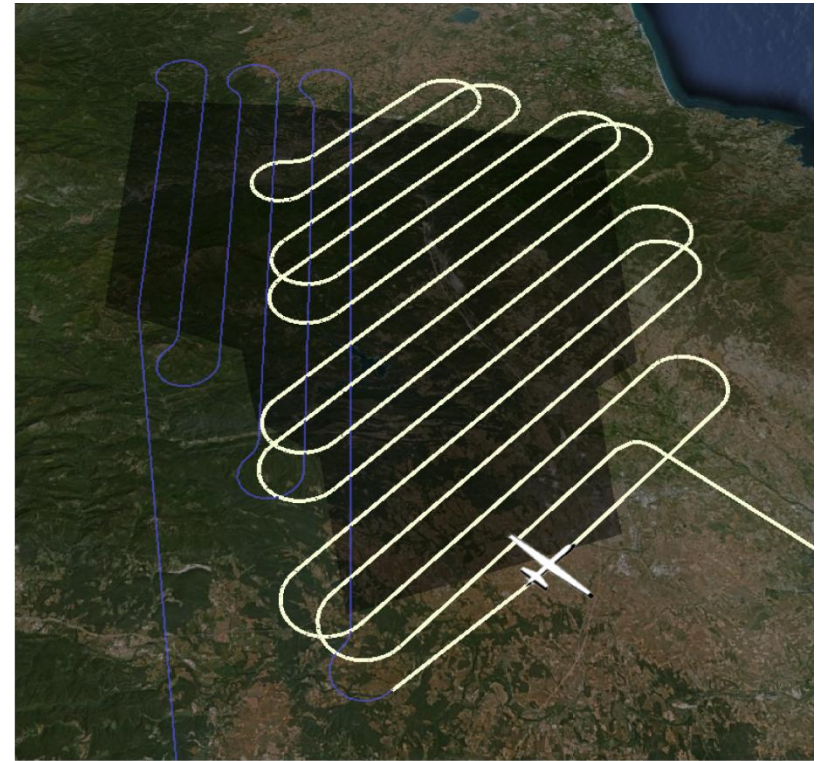
d)

# Automated support for operations

- Simulation results.



a)



b)

# IPM: on-board flexible computation



## Technical objectives:

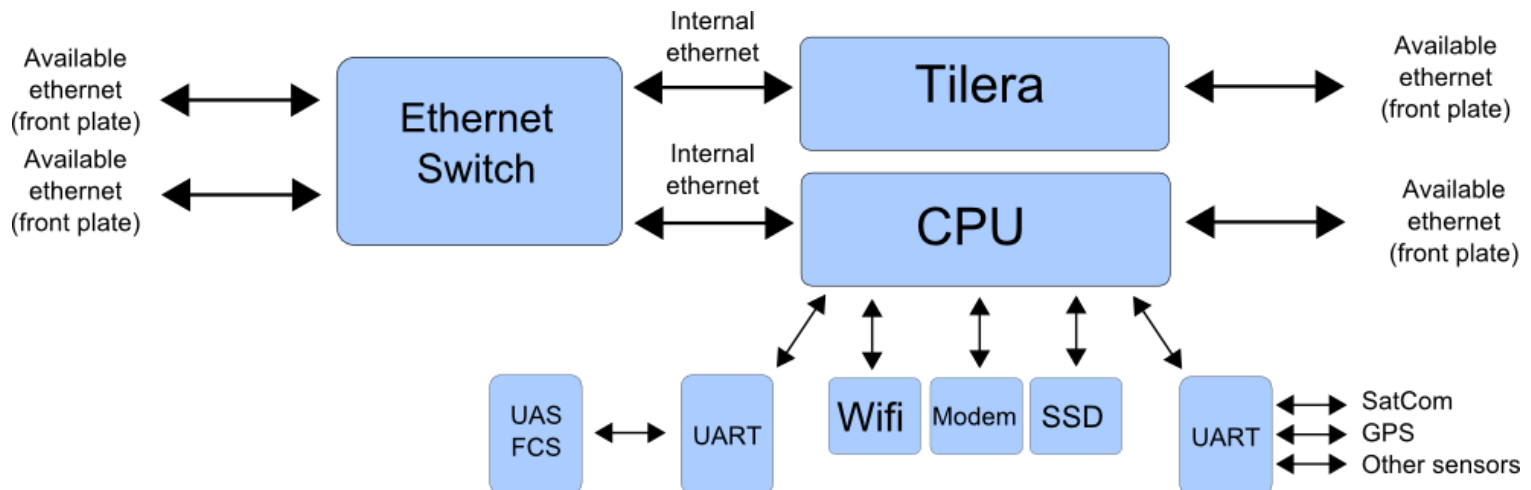
- Employ UAS based missions to verify real-time operability of small surveillance platforms via the use of **on-board multicore processor technology (IPM)**.
- Demonstrate IPM integration feasibility on highly integrated and physically constrained systems.
- Demonstrate the UAS flight-plan / mission management interaction with the IPM architecture to exploit sensor data on-board the UAS.
- Permit high-level of surveillance dynamics and flexibility according to the actual stream of data being sensed.

# IPM: on-board flexible computation



## Strategy:

- Configure multiple levels of surveillance automation and operation phases by exploiting IPM computational reconfiguration and Power/CPU tradeoffs.
- Generate real-time operational commands through UAS mission subsystems and reconfigure IPM according to the mission phase requirements.





# IPM: on-board flexible computation



## Mission:

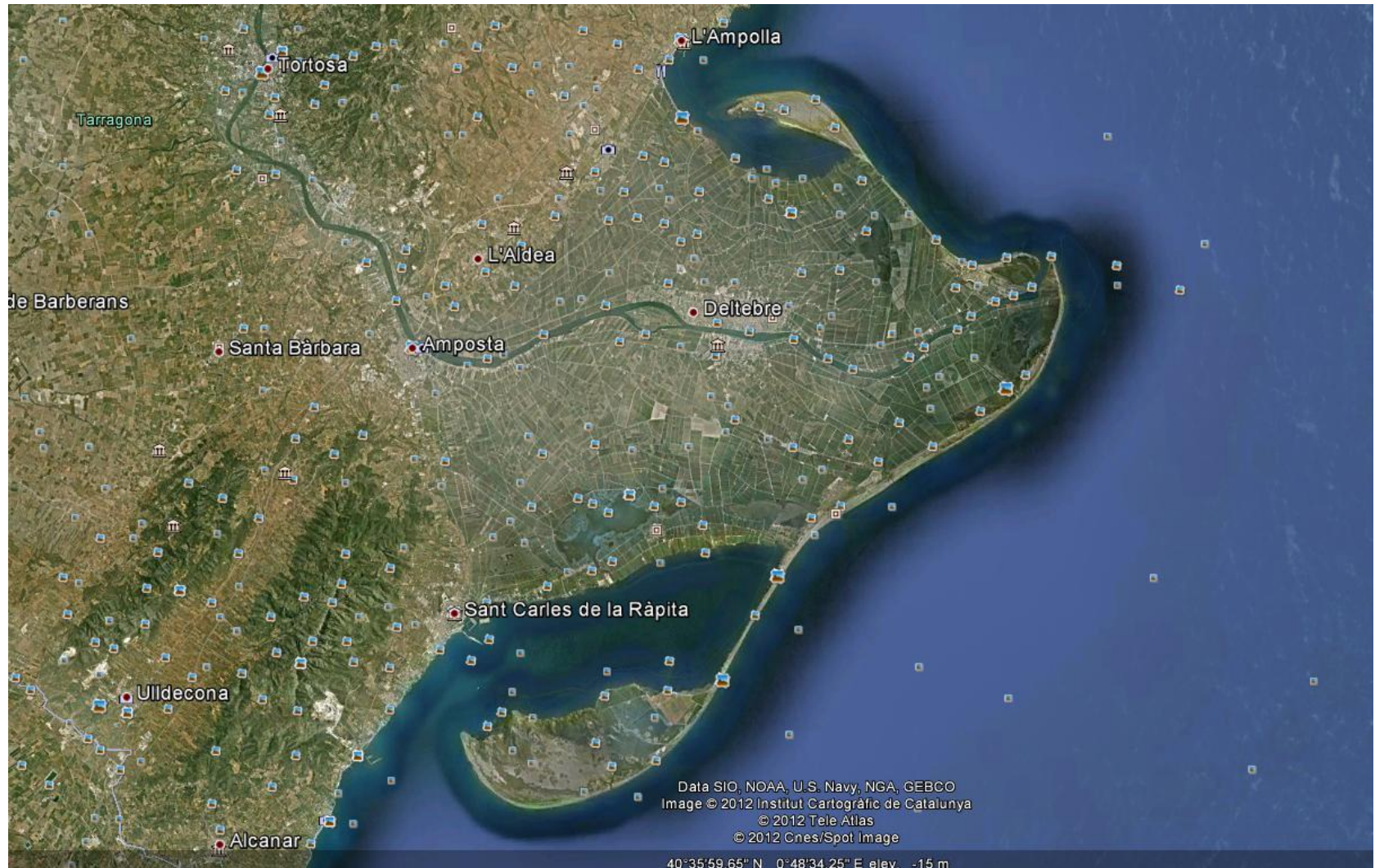
- In collaboration with CSIC science requirements, design a **jellyfish detection, identification and classification system**.
- **Invasive jellyfish species** are appearing in one of the biggest river deltas in Spain. Expected to greatly affect the existing ecosystem.
- Monitor distribution of the population and dynamic evolution along the season. Identify and catalog the specific jellyfish types.
- Two phase surveillance procedure:
  1. Medium altitude / high speed overfly of the area for detection of population presence. Real-time analysis based the IPM box.
  2. Low altitude / low speed overfly to achieve identification and classification of species.
- Both phases are executed in the same flight. Second phase is executed based on data processed in the first.
- IPM box will provide location of population, identification and distribution maps through web-services directly provided from the helicopter.

# IPM: on-board flexible computation

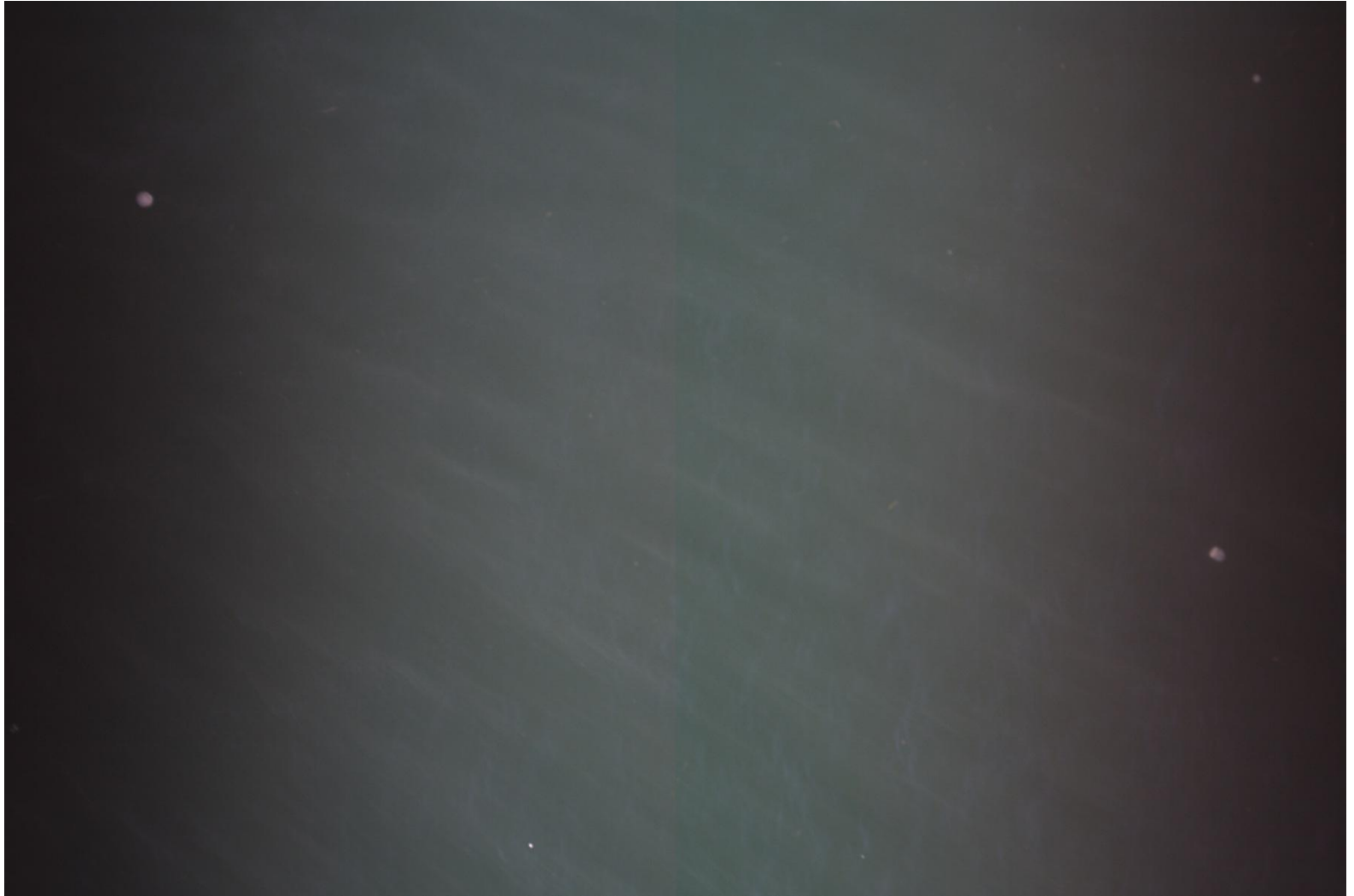




# IPM: on-board flexible computation



# IPM: on-board flexible computation





Thanks for your attention!

Questions?